# SUBJECT No.1

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $36.0 \Omega + j \cdot 42.6 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 5.30dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 7.9 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 66  $\Omega$  resistor series with a 0.637 nH inductor, at 6.8 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (**2p**)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (3dB) low-pass filter (LPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 515 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 23.7 dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.90 dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 24.8 dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.23 dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 21.1 dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.65 dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A2, A1, A3.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (in dB). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A2, A3, A1? (1.5p)

# SUBJECT No.2

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to 56.1  $\Omega$  j·61.4  $\Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 5.80dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 7.0 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 72  $\Omega$  resistor series with a 1.615 nH inductor, at 7.3 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (**2p**)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (0.5dB) high-pass filter (HPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 315 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 18.8$ dB and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.17$ dB), A2 ( $G_2 = 22.7$ dB,  $F_2 = 4.12$ dB) and A3 ( $G_3 = 23.4$ dB,  $F_3 = 5.18$ dB). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A2, A3, A1.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (in dB). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A1, A2, A3? (1.5p)

# SUBJECT No.3

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $45.6 \Omega j \cdot 36.0 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 4.10dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 4.8 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 60  $\Omega$  resistor series with a 1.220 nH inductor, at 8.8 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (**2p**)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (3dB) low-pass filter (LPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 560 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 23.4dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.81dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 24.8dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.83dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 19.1dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.30dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A3, A1, A2.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A1, A3, A2? (1.5p)

# SUBJECT No.4

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $32.5 \Omega + j \cdot 33.1 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 7.60 dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 5.9 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 73  $\Omega$  resistor paralel with a 0.544 pF capacitor, at 7.0 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, maximally flat high-pass filter (HPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 575 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 19.5$ dB and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.88$ dB), A2 ( $G_2 = 19.7$ dB,  $F_2 = 4.25$ dB) and A3 ( $G_3 = 24.6$ dB,  $F_3 = 5.46$ dB). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A2, A1, A3.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (in linear scale). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (in dB). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A2, A3, A1? (1.5p)

# SUBJECT No.5

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $60.9 \Omega + j \cdot 54.2 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 4.70dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 8.7 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 25  $\Omega$  resistor series with a 0.474 nH inductor, at 9.9 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, maximally flat high-pass filter (HPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 325 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 24.0dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.01dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 15.9dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.20dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 21.8dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.64dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A2, A3, A1.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (in linear scale). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (in dB). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A1, A2, A3? (1.5p)

# SUBJECT No.6

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to 52.4  $\Omega$  + j·57.7  $\Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 7.75 dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 5.3 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 55  $\Omega$  resistor paralel with a 1.133 nH inductor, at 9.6 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (**2p**)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, maximally flat low-pass filter (LPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 455 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 17.0$ dB and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.63$ dB), A2 ( $G_2 = 18.6$ dB,  $F_2 = 4.37$ dB) and A3 ( $G_3 = 23.6$ dB,  $F_3 = 5.31$ dB). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A1, A2, A3.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (in linear scale). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (in dB). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A1, A3, A2? (1.5p)

# SUBJECT No.7

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $42.4 \Omega + j \cdot 55.7 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 8.05 dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 2.4 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 63  $\Omega$  resistor series with a 0.302 pF capacitor, at 7.8 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (**2p**)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (0.5dB) low-pass filter (LPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 535 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 23.4dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.55dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 15.3dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.83dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 16.4dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.13dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A3, A1, A2.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (in linear scale). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (in dB). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A2, A3, A1? (1.5p)

# SUBJECT No.8

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $48.1 \Omega j \cdot 45.6 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 7.75 dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 2.6 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 25  $\Omega$  resistor paralel with a 0.428 pF capacitor, at 6.7 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (0.5dB) high-pass filter (HPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 530 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 18.4dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.24dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 18.6dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.62dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 20.7dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.59dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A1, A2, A3.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A2, A3, A1? (1.5p)

# SUBJECT No.9

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $33.6 \Omega j \cdot 58.3 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 6.75 dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 5.5 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 74  $\Omega$  resistor series with a 0.828 pF capacitor, at 6.7 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (0.5dB) low-pass filter (LPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 400 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 20.7 dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.52 dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 19.9 dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.29 dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 21.0 dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.86 dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A1, A3, A2.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (in linear scale). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (in dB). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A2, A3, A1? (1.5p)

## SUBJECT No.10

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $37.8 \Omega + j \cdot 44.1 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 7.60dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 9.5 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 57  $\Omega$  resistor paralel with a 0.412 pF capacitor, at 8.3 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (**2p**)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, maximally flat low-pass filter (LPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 370 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 20.8dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.35dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 19.2dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.34dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 16.8dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.20dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A1, A2, A3.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A2, A3, A1? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.11

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $49.2 \Omega j \cdot 35.9 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 5.20dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 8.3 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 50  $\Omega$  resistor series with a 0.643 nH inductor, at 7.2 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (3dB) high-pass filter (HPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 585 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 18.8$ dB and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.19$ dB), A2 ( $G_2 = 15.4$ dB,  $F_2 = 4.57$ dB) and A3 ( $G_3 = 17.9$ dB,  $F_3 = 5.09$ dB). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A1, A3, A2.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (in linear scale). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (in dB). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A2, A3, A1? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.12

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $42.5 \Omega j \cdot 55.8 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 6.45dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 8.1 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 58  $\Omega$  resistor series with a 0.843 pF capacitor, at 6.8 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, maximally flat low-pass filter (LPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 300 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 16.2dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.16dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 23.1dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.46dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 22.0dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.80dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A2, A1, A3.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A1, A2, A3? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.13

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $63.3 \Omega j \cdot 52.3 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 6.55 dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 7.3 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 33  $\Omega$  resistor paralel with a 0.342 pF capacitor, at 9.1 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (3dB) high-pass filter (HPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 585 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 15.2dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.52dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 23.3dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.37dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 23.1dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.49dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A1, A3, A2.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (in linear scale). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (in dB). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A2, A3, A1? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.14

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $61.1 \Omega j \cdot 60.9 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 5.60dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 7.0 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 57  $\Omega$  resistor paralel with a 0.618 nH inductor, at 8.8 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (3dB) low-pass filter (LPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 580 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 15.4dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.44dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 21.5dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.13dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 21.3dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.60dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A3, A1, A2.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A3, A2, A1? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.15

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $58.5 \Omega j \cdot 51.8 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 5.25dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 7.6 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 27  $\Omega$  resistor series with a 0.536 pF capacitor, at 8.3 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (3dB) high-pass filter (HPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 305 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 24.2dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.58dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 19.7dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.54dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 21.0dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.82dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A2, A3, A1.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (in linear scale). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A1, A2, A3? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.16

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $31.5 \Omega + j \cdot 41.3 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 7.55 dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 9.5 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 54  $\Omega$  resistor paralel with a 0.557 nH inductor, at 8.3 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (0.5dB) low-pass filter (LPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 500 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 18.3$ dB and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.73$ dB), A2 ( $G_2 = 18.7$ dB,  $F_2 = 4.31$ dB) and A3 ( $G_3 = 24.2$ dB,  $F_3 = 5.33$ dB). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A1, A2, A3.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A1, A3, A2? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.17

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $63.9 \Omega + j \cdot 40.8 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 5.45dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 4.4 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 41  $\Omega$  resistor paralel with a 0.349 pF capacitor, at 7.2 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (3dB) low-pass filter (LPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 595 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 24.3 dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.33 dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 20.5 dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.39 dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 20.0 dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.90 dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A2, A3, A1.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (in dB). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A3, A1, A2? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.18

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $64.6 \Omega + j \cdot 35.5 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 5.00dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 4.1 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 36  $\Omega$  resistor paralel with a 0.972 nH inductor, at 9.9 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, maximally flat low-pass filter (LPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 345 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 21.4dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.46dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 19.1dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.07dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 21.6dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.39dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A1, A3, A2.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (in linear scale). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (in dB). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A3, A1, A2? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.19

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $38.2 \Omega j \cdot 33.8 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 4.25 dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 6.3 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 74  $\Omega$  resistor paralel with a 0.264 pF capacitor, at 9.0 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (0.5dB) high-pass filter (HPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 565 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 20.7 dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.59 dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 24.1 dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.41 dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 18.5 dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.57 dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A1, A2, A3.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A3, A1, A2? (1.5p)

## SUBJECT No.20

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $52.1 \Omega + j \cdot 56.6 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 4.05dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 4.2 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 70  $\Omega$  resistor paralel with a 1.343 nH inductor, at 8.9 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (3dB) high-pass filter (HPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 595 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 16.8dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.79dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 22.2dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.56dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 19.5dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.44dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A3, A1, A2.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (in linear scale). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A2, A3, A1? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.21

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $46.9 \Omega + j \cdot 49.8 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 4.00dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 7.7 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 28  $\Omega$  resistor paralel with a 0.562 pF capacitor, at 9.6 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, maximally flat high-pass filter (HPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 575 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 20.9dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.68dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 18.7dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.24dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 19.8dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.98dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A2, A3, A1.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (in linear scale). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (in dB). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A3, A1, A2? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.22

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $48.4 \Omega + j \cdot 35.1 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 5.95dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 1.7 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 31  $\Omega$  resistor series with a 0.325 pF capacitor, at 6.7 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (3dB) low-pass filter (LPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 500 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 24.9$ dB and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.97$ dB), A2 ( $G_2 = 15.7$ dB,  $F_2 = 4.95$ dB) and A3 ( $G_3 = 16.8$ dB,  $F_3 = 5.84$ dB). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A2, A1, A3.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (in linear scale). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (in dB). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A3, A1, A2? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.23

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $33.4 \Omega + j \cdot 31.0 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 5.35dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 9.8 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 69  $\Omega$  resistor series with a 0.569 nH inductor, at 8.7 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (0.5dB) low-pass filter (LPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 335 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 19.2dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.32dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 19.2dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.63dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 21.3dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.94dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A2, A1, A3.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (in linear scale). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A2, A3, A1? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.24

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $36.1 \Omega j \cdot 64.3 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 5.40dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 7.5 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 32  $\Omega$  resistor paralel with a 1.180 nH inductor, at 10.0 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, maximally flat low-pass filter (LPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 315 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 21.3$ dB and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.68$ dB), A2 ( $G_2 = 18.1$ dB,  $F_2 = 4.64$ dB) and A3 ( $G_3 = 22.2$ dB,  $F_3 = 5.93$ dB). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A3, A1, A2.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A1, A3, A2? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.25

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to 37.7  $\Omega$  j·39.9  $\Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 6.10dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 9.7 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 66  $\Omega$  resistor series with a 0.981 nH inductor, at 7.3 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (0.5dB) low-pass filter (LPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 380 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 24.7 dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.79 dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 17.1 dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.89 dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 20.2 dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.23 dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A2, A1, A3.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A3, A1, A2? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.26

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $61.2 \Omega + j \cdot 49.5 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 5.55dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 3.3 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 58  $\Omega$  resistor series with a 0.324 pF capacitor, at 9.3 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (0.5dB) low-pass filter (LPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 315 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 20.0dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.55dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 15.9dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.97dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 15.4dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.43dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A2, A1, A3.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (in linear scale). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (in dB). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A1, A2, A3? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.27

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $51.4 \Omega + j \cdot 31.3 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 7.70dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 8.0 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 65  $\Omega$  resistor paralel with a 0.681 nH inductor, at 8.1 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (0.5dB) high-pass filter (HPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 520 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 17.8$ dB and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.22$ dB), A2 ( $G_2 = 23.7$ dB,  $F_2 = 4.64$ dB) and A3 ( $G_3 = 20.7$ dB,  $F_3 = 5.59$ dB). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A2, A3, A1.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (in linear scale). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A2, A1, A3? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.28

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to 54.6  $\Omega$  + j·50.8  $\Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 4.85dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 4.8 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 30  $\Omega$  resistor series with a 1.292 nH inductor, at 8.0 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (0.5dB) low-pass filter (LPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 330 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 17.0dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.95dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 21.9dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.10dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 15.2dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.64dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A1, A2, A3.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (in linear scale). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (in dB). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A1, A3, A2? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.29

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to 56.5  $\Omega$  j·59.6  $\Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 6.65 dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 5.6 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 31  $\Omega$  resistor paralel with a 1.231 nH inductor, at 7.8 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (3dB) low-pass filter (LPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 560 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 17.0dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.10dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 18.6dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.83dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 15.7dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.24dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A1, A2, A3.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (in dB). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A3, A1, A2? (1.5p)

## SUBJECT No.30

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $60.9 \Omega + j \cdot 63.7 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 4.70dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 6.4 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 61  $\Omega$  resistor paralel with a 0.483 nH inductor, at 9.5 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (0.5dB) low-pass filter (LPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 590 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 20.9dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.90dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 23.8dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.84dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 19.7dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.16dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A1, A3, A2.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A3, A2, A1? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.31

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $36.1 \Omega + j \cdot 63.8 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 7.25 dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 7.9 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 62  $\Omega$  resistor series with a 1.493 nH inductor, at 7.2 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (0.5dB) high-pass filter (HPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 380 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 18.4dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.42dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 20.1dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.10dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 16.6dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.53dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A3, A2, A1.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A1, A2, A3? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.32

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $45.1 \Omega j \cdot 60.5 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 7.15dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 8.6 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 47  $\Omega$  resistor paralel with a 0.383 pF capacitor, at 8.7 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (0.5dB) low-pass filter (LPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 320 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 18.9dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.81dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 19.7dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.09dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 15.2dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.40dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A1, A2, A3.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (in dB). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A2, A3, A1? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.33

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $52.8 \Omega j \cdot 49.4 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 5.90dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 3.0 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 39  $\Omega$  resistor paralel with a 0.551 nH inductor, at 8.3 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (0.5dB) low-pass filter (LPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 330 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 21.6dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.80dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 22.1dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.99dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 21.2dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.59dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A1, A2, A3.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A2, A1, A3? (1.5p)

## SUBJECT No.34

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $43.2 \Omega + j \cdot 62.3 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 8.45dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 5.8 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 31  $\Omega$  resistor series with a 0.234 pF capacitor, at 9.7 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (3dB) high-pass filter (HPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 505 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 24.5$ dB and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.09$ dB), A2 ( $G_2 = 24.4$ dB,  $F_2 = 4.11$ dB) and A3 ( $G_3 = 20.2$ dB,  $F_3 = 5.47$ dB). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A3, A1, A2.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A1, A3, A2? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.35

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $36.0 \Omega j \cdot 36.8 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 7.05 dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 4.7 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 60  $\Omega$  resistor paralel with a 1.682 nH inductor, at 6.5 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, maximally flat high-pass filter (HPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 475 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 24.4dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.44dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 22.1dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.12dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 21.3dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.50dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A3, A2, A1.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (in linear scale). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (in dB). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A2, A1, A3? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.36

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $61.2 \Omega j \cdot 51.4 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 7.75 dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 6.5 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 44  $\Omega$  resistor series with a 1.201 nH inductor, at 8.5 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (3dB) low-pass filter (LPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 370 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 16.6dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.38dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 20.3dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.60dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 16.4dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.10dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A1, A3, A2.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (in linear scale). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (in dB). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A2, A1, A3? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.37

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $34.8 \Omega j \cdot 50.8 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 7.55 dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 9.4 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 61  $\Omega$  resistor series with a 0.431 pF capacitor, at 7.5 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (3dB) high-pass filter (HPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 460 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 24.0$ dB and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.08$ dB), A2 ( $G_2 = 20.4$ dB,  $F_2 = 4.28$ dB) and A3 ( $G_3 = 18.4$ dB,  $F_3 = 5.26$ dB). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A3, A2, A1.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A1, A3, A2? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.38

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $68.8 \Omega j \cdot 48.6 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 7.60dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 9.0 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 26  $\Omega$  resistor paralel with a 0.283 pF capacitor, at 8.4 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (3dB) low-pass filter (LPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 515 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 17.3$ dB and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.77$ dB), A2 ( $G_2 = 19.4$ dB,  $F_2 = 4.78$ dB) and A3 ( $G_3 = 19.0$ dB,  $F_3 = 5.56$ dB). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A3, A1, A2.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A1, A2, A3? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.39

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to 46.1  $\Omega$  j·32.3  $\Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 6.55 dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 8.0 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 27  $\Omega$  resistor series with a 0.328 pF capacitor, at 6.7 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (0.5dB) high-pass filter (HPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 370 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 21.0dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.70dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 19.1dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.55dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 19.0dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.51dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A2, A3, A1.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (in linear scale). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A3, A2, A1? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.40

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $64.9 \Omega + j \cdot 54.7 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 5.35dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 3.9 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 37  $\Omega$  resistor paralel with a 0.484 pF capacitor, at 8.6 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (0.5dB) high-pass filter (HPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 540 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 22.4dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.18dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 16.4dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.47dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 19.9dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.09dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A1, A3, A2.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A2, A1, A3? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.41

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $50.1 \Omega + j \cdot 64.9 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 7.55 dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 7.1 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (<u>in dBm and mW</u>). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 56  $\Omega$  resistor series with a 0.323 pF capacitor, at 6.9 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, maximally flat high-pass filter (HPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 495 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 15.9$ dB and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.86$ dB), A2 ( $G_2 = 18.3$ dB,  $F_2 = 4.59$ dB) and A3 ( $G_3 = 15.1$ dB,  $F_3 = 5.52$ dB). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A2, A3, A1.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (in linear scale). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (in dB). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A3, A2, A1? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.42

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $32.3 \Omega + j \cdot 68.4 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 7.85 dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 1.1 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 61  $\Omega$  resistor series with a 1.168 nH inductor, at 6.7 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (0.5dB) low-pass filter (LPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 330 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 17.7dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.93dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 17.9dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.72dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 19.1dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.74dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A2, A3, A1.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A3, A1, A2? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.43

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $50.9 \Omega + j \cdot 41.4 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 4.20dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 3.4 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 32  $\Omega$  resistor paralel with a 0.897 nH inductor, at 8.5 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (3dB) high-pass filter (HPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 530 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 20.8 dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.06 dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 23.3 dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.76 dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 24.8 dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.96 dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A2, A3, A1.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A3, A1, A2? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.44

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $53.2 \Omega + j \cdot 68.3 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 4.90dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 7.3 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 35  $\Omega$  resistor series with a 0.731 pF capacitor, at 6.8 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, maximally flat high-pass filter (HPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 410 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 19.3$ dB and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.53$ dB), A2 ( $G_2 = 18.3$ dB,  $F_2 = 4.47$ dB) and A3 ( $G_3 = 20.0$ dB,  $F_3 = 5.91$ dB). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A1, A2, A3.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A2, A3, A1? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.45

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $61.0 \Omega + j \cdot 64.9 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 6.25 dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 8.1 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 47  $\Omega$  resistor series with a 0.362 pF capacitor, at 8.0 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (3dB) high-pass filter (HPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 395 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 21.5$ dB and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.63$ dB), A2 ( $G_2 = 18.2$ dB,  $F_2 = 4.41$ dB) and A3 ( $G_3 = 22.8$ dB,  $F_3 = 5.97$ dB). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A1, A2, A3.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (in dB). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A2, A1, A3? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.46

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to 53.7  $\Omega$  j·35.3  $\Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (1p) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (1p)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 5.40dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 6.6 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 67  $\Omega$  resistor series with a 1.460 nH inductor, at 8.2 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (3dB) low-pass filter (LPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 405 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 24.5$ dB and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.28$ dB), A2 ( $G_2 = 24.6$ dB,  $F_2 = 4.6$ 4dB) and A3 ( $G_3 = 23.1$ dB,  $F_3 = 5.25$ dB). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A1, A2, A3.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (in linear scale). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (in dB). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A2, A1, A3? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.47

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $52.8 \Omega + j \cdot 56.0 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 6.25 dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 2.2 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 28  $\Omega$  resistor series with a 1.204 nH inductor, at 8.9 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (3dB) low-pass filter (LPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 450 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 21.8$ dB and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.27$ dB), A2 ( $G_2 = 15.3$ dB,  $F_2 = 4.49$ dB) and A3 ( $G_3 = 18.1$ dB,  $F_3 = 5.87$ dB). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A1, A2, A3.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (in dB). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A2, A1, A3? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.48

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $49.6 \Omega + j \cdot 68.3 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (1p) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (1p)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 5.70dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 8.1 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 71  $\Omega$  resistor paralel with a 0.318 pF capacitor, at 9.7 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (3dB) low-pass filter (LPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 335 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 17.8$ dB and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.03$ dB), A2 ( $G_2 = 16.8$ dB,  $F_2 = 4.22$ dB) and A3 ( $G_3 = 20.4$ dB,  $F_3 = 5.76$ dB). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A2, A3, A1.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (in dB). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A1, A2, A3? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.49

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to 57.2  $\Omega$  j·62.1  $\Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (1p) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (1p)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 7.40dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 1.0 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 73  $\Omega$  resistor paralel with a 0.280 pF capacitor, at 9.6 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (0.5dB) high-pass filter (HPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 365 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 21.8$ dB and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.20$ dB), A2 ( $G_2 = 15.3$ dB,  $F_2 = 4.02$ dB) and A3 ( $G_3 = 15.3$ dB,  $F_3 = 5.96$ dB). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A1, A3, A2.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A2, A3, A1? (1.5p)

## SUBJECT No.50

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $30.8 \Omega + j \cdot 63.5 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 5.10dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 4.4 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 69  $\Omega$  resistor series with a 0.326 pF capacitor, at 9.6 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (3dB) low-pass filter (LPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 515 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 19.4dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.88dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 24.9dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.68dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 20.6dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.59dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A3, A1, A2.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A2, A3, A1? (1.5p)

## SUBJECT No.51

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $68.3 \Omega + j \cdot 52.0 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 6.20dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 3.0 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 73  $\Omega$  resistor series with a 1.155 nH inductor, at 7.5 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, maximally flat high-pass filter (HPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 440 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 23.8dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.50dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 21.4dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.00dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 24.5dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.07dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A1, A2, A3.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A2, A3, A1? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.52

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $69.4 \Omega j \cdot 64.6 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 4.40dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 2.7 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 43  $\Omega$  resistor paralel with a 0.410 pF capacitor, at 7.1 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (0.5dB) high-pass filter (HPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 500 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 22.8 dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.49 dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 21.3 dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.36 dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 23.5 dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.42 dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A2, A1, A3.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (in linear scale). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A2, A3, A1? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.53

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to 53.4  $\Omega$  j·67.9  $\Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 6.90dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 8.2 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 70  $\Omega$  resistor paralel with a 1.342 nH inductor, at 8.3 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (0.5dB) low-pass filter (LPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 315 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 23.5$ dB and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.81$ dB), A2 ( $G_2 = 16.2$ dB,  $F_2 = 4.65$ dB) and A3 ( $G_3 = 16.9$ dB,  $F_3 = 5.29$ dB). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A2, A1, A3.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A1, A2, A3? (1.5p)

## SUBJECT No.54

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $62.8 \Omega + j \cdot 47.4 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 7.05 dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 3.0 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 59  $\Omega$  resistor series with a 0.267 pF capacitor, at 8.0 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, maximally flat high-pass filter (HPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 595 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 15.0$ dB and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.0$ 6dB), A2 ( $G_2 = 18.2$ dB,  $F_2 = 4.84$ dB) and A3 ( $G_3 = 16.9$ dB,  $F_3 = 5.83$ dB). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A3, A1, A2.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A2, A1, A3? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.55

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $43.7 \Omega + j \cdot 30.0 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 5.80dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 6.2 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 60  $\Omega$  resistor series with a 1.179 nH inductor, at 9.3 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (3dB) high-pass filter (HPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 540 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 23.8dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.47dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 24.9dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.11dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 20.4dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.23dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A1, A3, A2.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A2, A3, A1? (1.5p)

## SUBJECT No.56

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to 58.1  $\Omega$  + j·38.9  $\Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (1p) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (1p)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 8.00dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 6.2 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 63  $\Omega$  resistor paralel with a 0.930 pF capacitor, at 6.8 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (0.5dB) high-pass filter (HPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 405 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 24.1dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.81dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 20.2dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.84dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 15.2dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.92dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A1, A3, A2.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A2, A3, A1? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.57

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $45.7 \Omega + j \cdot 60.6 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 7.80dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 5.3 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 32  $\Omega$  resistor paralel with a 0.581 nH inductor, at 7.5 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (0.5dB) high-pass filter (HPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 395 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 18.1$ dB and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.80$ dB), A2 ( $G_2 = 15.2$ dB,  $F_2 = 4.42$ dB) and A3 ( $G_3 = 21.9$ dB,  $F_3 = 5.52$ dB). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A2, A1, A3.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (<u>in linear scale</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A2, A3, A1? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.58

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $48.2 \Omega j \cdot 43.0 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 4.45dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 5.3 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 71  $\Omega$  resistor paralel with a 0.326 pF capacitor, at 8.1 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, equal ripple (3dB) low-pass filter (LPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 445 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 24.8 dB$  and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.12 dB$ ), A2 ( $G_2 = 18.9 dB$ ,  $F_2 = 4.36 dB$ ) and A3 ( $G_3 = 16.9 dB$ ,  $F_3 = 5.17 dB$ ). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A1, A2, A3.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (in linear scale). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (<u>in dB</u>). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A1, A3, A2? (1.5p)

### SUBJECT No.59

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $37.9 \Omega + j \cdot 33.6 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 5.50dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 4.4 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 60  $\Omega$  resistor paralel with a 0.546 pF capacitor, at 7.0 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, maximally flat high-pass filter (HPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 315 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 19.3$ dB and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.19$ dB), A2 ( $G_2 = 19.2$ dB,  $F_2 = 4.02$ dB) and A3 ( $G_3 = 16.5$ dB,  $F_3 = 5.91$ dB). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A2, A1, A3.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (in linear scale). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (in dB). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A3, A1, A2? (1.5p)

## SUBJECT No.60

Time allowed: 2 hours; All materials/equipment authorized

Instructor: Assoc. Prof. Radu Damian Student: \_

\_\_\_\_\_ Group\_\_\_\_

- Note. Any CAD solution (Matlab, Mathcad, ADS) must contain relevant intermediate results for maximum points.
- 1. For a impedance equal to  $63.0 \Omega j \cdot 59.6 \Omega$  compute the normalized admittance (**1p**) and then plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point (**1p**)
- 2. An ideal lossless quadrature coupler (matched on all ports with infinite isolation) has coupling factor C = 4.75 dB.
  - a) If the power applied at the input port is 2.4 dBm compute the power at the coupled port (<u>in</u> <u>dBm</u>). (0.5p)
  - b) In the same situation compute the power at the through port (in dBm and mW). (1.5p)
  - c) Design the coupler. (1p)
- 3. For a load composed from a 69  $\Omega$  resistor paralel with a 0.457 pF capacitor, at 6.8 GHz:
  - a) Compute the corresponding reflection coefficient. (1p)
  - b) Plot on a Smith Chart (external circle and complex plane axes) the corresponding point. (0.5p)
  - c) Design the match for this load to a 50  $\Omega$  source with stubs (shunt stub, at least one solution) (2p)
  - d) Draw the match schematic. (0.5p)
- 4. Design a 5<sup>th</sup> order, maximally flat high-pass filter (HPF) using reactive lumped elements (L/C). The filter must be designed with a cutoff frequency 575 MHz and with 50  $\Omega$  both source and load.
  - a) Compute all the filter elements. (1.5p)
  - b) Draw the filter schematic. (0.5p)
  - c) Draw an estimate filter output (attenuation vs. frequency). (1p)
- 5. You must cascade three amplifiers, A1 (having gain  $G_1 = 16.5$ dB and noise factor  $F_1 = 3.42$ dB), A2 ( $G_2 = 24.4$ dB,  $F_2 = 4.13$ dB) and A3 ( $G_3 = 23.7$ dB,  $F_3 = 5.94$ dB). The order in which you must connect the amplifiers is A1, A3, A2.
  - a) Compute the overall gain (in linear scale). (0.5p)
  - b) Compute the overall noise factor (in dB). (1p)
  - c) What are the changes you expect if you connect the amplifiers in this wrong order: A2, A1, A3? (1.5p)